Older peoples service models of care – sustainability aide memoire

To what extent does the model of care address the following?

Environmental	Consider	Yes (Y); No (N); Don't Know (DK)	Notes
Energy	Heating, lighting, cooking; insulation, building quality; offices; residences; energy production		
Waste	Reduce, re-use, recycle		
Water	Wholesomeness; flooding		
Transport	Road/rail; active transport – walking, cycling; air quality; individual, care givers, visitors; proximity of services		
Procurement	Local food and products;		
Social			
Autonomy	Undertake activities associated with daily living;		
Access to social networks	Opportunity to contribute to society; value contributions, diversity and local distinctiveness		
Opportunity to be physically active	Access to greenspace - growing produce; exercise; community links; biodiversity; community safety		
Happiness/wellbeing outcomes			
Personalisation of services	Engage individuals, carers, communities		
Economic			
Cost/affordability/savings to individual	Residence and care costs		
Costs/affordability/savings to society	Technology e.g. telecare		
Improve local conditions	Develop business, social enterprise, workforce, labour market; inequalities		

Scottish Climate Change Impacts Partnership (SCCIP).*Adapting to Climate Change: An introduction for Public Sector policy makers, resource managers and practitioners* [online]SCCIP; 2011. Available from: http://www.adaptationscotland.org.uk/Upload/Documents/SCCIPIntroductiontoclimat echangeadaptation.pdf[Accessed: 7th April 2013]

Scottish Government.*National Indicators.*[online] Available from: http://www.scotland.gov.uk/About/Performance/scotPerforms/indicator[Accessed: 7th April 2013]